

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

1. Identification				
Product identifier	ACETONE, REAGENT (ACS)			
Other means of identification	n			
Product code	828			
CAS number	67-64-1			
Synonyms	2-PROPANONE * Dimethyl k	tetone		
Recommended use	professional, scientific and t solvent technical function of		other professional, scientific and technical activities	
Recommended restrictions	None known.			
Manufacturer/Importer/Suppl	ier/Distributor informatio	n		
Manufacturer				
Company name Address	GFS Chemicals, Inc. 800 Kaderly Drive Columbus, OH 43228 United States			
Telephone	Phone	740-881-5501		
	Toll Free	800-858-9682		
Website	Fax	740-881-5989		
E-mail	www.gfschemicals.com service@gfschemicals.com			
Emergency phone number	Emergency Assistance	Chemtrec 800-42	24-9300	
2. Hazard(s) identification	n			
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids		Category 2	
Health hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irri	tation	Category 2A	
	Specific target organ toxicity	, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects	
Environmental hazards	Not classified.			
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.			
Label elements				
Signal word	Danger			
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and dizziness.	vapor. Causes ser	ious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or	
Precautionary statement				
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.			
Response	In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.			
Storage	Keep cool. Store in a well-ve	entilated place. Ke	ep container tightly closed. Store locked up.	
Disposal			te treatment and disposal facility in accordance with characteristics at time of disposal.	

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Supplemental information

None.

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
ACETONE	2-PROPANONE	67-64-1	100
	Dimethyl ketone		

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

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4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.		
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.		
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.		
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.		
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.		
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.		
5. Fire-fighting measures	5		
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.		
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.		
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.		
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.		
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.		
6. Accidental release mea	asures		

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This product is miscible in water. Should not be released into the environment. Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.
	Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
	For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
8 Exposure controls/pa	rsonal protection

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for <i>I</i> Material	Туре	Value	
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Val	ues		
Material	Туре	Value	
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Ch	emical Hazards		
Material	Туре	Value	
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	

Biological limit values				
ACGIH Biological Expos Material	sure Indices Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
* - For sampling details, pl	lease see the source	document.		
Appropriate engineering controls	Ventilation rate exhaust ventila exposure limits	s should be matched to tion, or other engineeri	conditions. If a ng controls to m e not been estat	Good general ventilation should be used. pplicable, use process enclosures, local paintain airborne levels below recommended plished, maintain airborne levels to an hower.
Individual protection measured	ures, such as perse	onal protective equip	oment	
Eye/face protection	Wear a face shi	ield when working with	molten material	l.
Skin protection				
Hand protection	Wear appropria	te chemical resistant gl	oves.	
Other	Wear appropria	ite chemical resistant cl	othing.	
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use an organic vapor respirator for concentrations exceeding the Occupational Exposure Limit.			
Thermal hazards	Wear appropria	te thermal protective c	othing, when ne	ecessary.
General hygiene considerations	handling the m		g, drinking, and,	onal hygiene measures, such as washing after /or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing

9. Physical and chemical properties

Ji i nysical ana chemical	properties
Appearance	Clear.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Colorless.
Odor	Acetone.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-138.46 °F (-94.7 °C)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	132.89 °F (56.05 °C) 101.325 kPa
Flash point	-4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) Closed Cup 0 °F (-17.8 °C) Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or e	xplosive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	2.6 %
Flammability limit - upper (%)	12.8 %
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	30.93 kPa (77 °F (25 °C))
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Miscible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	-0.24
Auto-ignition temperature	869 °F (465 °C)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Material name: ACETONE_REAGENT (ACS)

Other information	
Density	0.79 g/cm3 estimated at 20 °C
Dynamic viscosity	0.32 mPa.s (68 °F (20 °C))
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Flash point class	Flammable IB
Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B)	27.7 kJ/g
Kinematic viscosity	0.4052 mm ² /s estimated
Molecular formula	C3-H6-O
Molecular weight	58.08 g/mol
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	100 %
Specific gravity	0.79 at 20 °C
Surface tension	23.7 mN/m (68 °F (20 °C))
VOC	100 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Stable at normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product	Species	Test Results
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours
		50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg
		5.2 g/kg
	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg
	Rat	9800 mg/kg
		5800 mg/kg

Product	Species	Test Results	
Other			
LD50	Mouse	1297 mg/kg	
	Rat	5500 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irrita	tion.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	on		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.		
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitiz	ation.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any comp mutagenic or genotoxic.	onents present at greater than 0.1% are	
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.		
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Not listed.			
OSHA Specifically Regulate	ed Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)		
Not regulated.			
	ogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens		
Not listed.			
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive	e or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.		
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.		
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.		
12. Ecological information	n		

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

	possibility that large of frequent spins can have a harmital of damaging effect on the environment.		
Product		Species	Test Results
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability None known.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol	/ water (log Kow)
-0.24	

Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed containers. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference	
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	U002
Waste from residues /	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT	
-	101000
UN number	UN1090
UN proper shipping name	Acetone
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Special precautions for	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
user	
Special provisions	IB2, T4, TP1
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1090
UN proper shipping name	Acetone
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3H
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before nanding.
Other information	
	Allowed with weathing
Passenger and cargo	Allowed with restrictions.
aircraft	
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1090
UN proper shipping name	ACETONE
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-D
Special precautions for	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
user	
Transport in bulk according to	Not established.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	
and the IBC Code	
DOT	





15. Regulatory information

15. Regulatory informati	on
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)	This substance is on the TSCA 8(b) inventory and is designated "active".
TSCA Section 12(b) Ex	port Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.	
CERCLA Hazardous Substa	nce List (40 CFR 302.4)
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.
SARA 304 Emergency relea	ase notification
Not regulated.	
OSHA Specifically Regulate	ed Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)
Not regulated.	
Superfund Amendments and R	eauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)
SARA 302 Extremely haza	rdous substance
Not listed.	
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes
Classified hazard	Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
categories	Serious eye damage or eye irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)	
Not regulated.	
Other federal regulations	
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	n 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Not regulated.	
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	n 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.	
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.
Drug Enforcement Adn and Chemical Code Nu	ninistration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) mber
ACETONE (CAS 67-64	
_	ninistration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
ACETONE (CAS 67-64	
•	Mixtures Code Number
ACETONE (CAS 67-64	,
-	ces Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace
ACETONE (CAS 67-64	4-1) Low priority
US state regulations	
California Proposition 65	
	Vater and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more 65Warnings.ca.gov.
US. California. Candida 69502.3, subd. (a))	ate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22,
ACETONE (CAS 67-64	4-1)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	February-19-2014
Revision date	March-25-2019
Version #	02
Disclaimer	GFS Chemicals, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.
Revision information	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.